PRESS AND TRIBUNE

DAILY, TRI-WEEKLY AND WEEKLY.

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS:
John L. Scripps, William Bross, Charles H. Ray, Alfred Cowles, Joseph Medill.

OFFICE NO. 51 CLARK STREET.

TERMS OF THE PRESS AND TRIBUNE:

Daily, delivered in the city, per week	$0.25
Daily, to mail subscribers, in advance, per month	1.00
Daily, to do, for six months	5.50
Daily, to do, for one year	10.00
Tri-Weekly, per year	5.00
Weekly, single copy	1.00
" 4 copies	3.00
" 8 copies	6.00
" 20 copies	15.00
" 50 copies (and one free to club agent)	35.00
Money for subscribers should be sent by express or P.O. Order.	

ADDRESS: "THE PRESS AND TRIBUNE," CHICAGO, ILL.

The Press and Tribune.

VOLUME XIV. CHICAGO, THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1860. NUMBER 15.

PRESS AND TRIBUNE

ADVERTISING SCHEDULE

The following are the rates of advertising in the

DAILY PRESS AND TRIBUNE:

One square, (10 lines, brevier,) one insertion	$1.00
" " one week, per insertion	1.00
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" " one month, " "	2.00
" " three months, " "	5.00
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A square of 10 lines is the space in which reading matter is to be set in the Counting Room.

☞ All Transient Advertisements to be paid in Advance.

☞ Yearly Advertisers will be charged per Square.

RATES OF ADVERTISING IN WEEKLY PRESS AND TRIBUNE:

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" " each subsequent insertion,	0.50

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Press & Tribune

THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1860.

Campaign Biography of Abraham Lincoln.

We issue to-day a campaign biography of the Republican standard-bearer, in style so compact and cheap that, with suitable effort on the part of clubs, canvassers and local committees, it may reach every voter in the Northwest before the campaign is over. It is a pamphlet of 32 pages, of close type, double columns, and in the style and shape of the campaign life of Col. Fremont, issued in 1856. It has been prepared with great care, by one of the editors of this paper, and it may be considered an entirely reliable and authentic narrative of the life of ABRAHAM LINCOLN,—embracing also the substance of his debates with Mr. Douglas in 1858, and a complete history of that remarkable campaign. It has been the purpose of the writer to make it *the* document of the times. A copy should be placed in the hands of every man in the Northwest who can read the English language. For the purpose of giving it the widest circulation we will furnish it at the following reduced rates:

Single copy	5 cents.
Per fifty	40 cents.
Per hundred	$2.50
Per thousand	$20.00

When ordered by mail, one cent each must be added for postage. Send in your orders.

Address, Press and Tribune, Chicago, Illinois.

A SMALL BUSINESS.

The best efforts of the *Times* are being given, about these days, to the suppression or mutilation of telegraphic dispatches to the Associated Press, conveying publications unpleasantly or practically objectable as regards New York politics. The *Times* has persistently suppressed all dispatches concerning the Hard Shell State Convention, and the movements of Daniel S. Dickinson and his friends. Yesterday a dispatch came over the wires to the following effect:

"The meeting last evening in Union Square of *Fillmore and conservative men who are in favor of Lincoln and Hamlin* was very large and enthusiastic. Judge Wm. Mitchell presided. Speeches were made by Horace Greeley, Rufus Ashley and Daniel Wilkinson, and letters were read from Roger S. Baldwin of Connecticut, Jas. O. Putnam of Chautauque County, Thomas Smith and others. Resolutions endorsing Lincoln and Hamlin were passed unanimously."

The *Times* mutilated this dispatch in its yesterday's issue in a way to destroy its whole significance, by omitting the words printed in italics. The sole sensible purpose of this is not very small business.

A word as to the reason which impels that sheet to suppress all political news from Republican quarters. Finding that the plain and irresistible argument that every vote cast for Douglas is given practically to Breckinridge or old Jo. Lane is a stronger testimony against Douglas, the *Times* finds it necessary to help with some argument or falsehood which shall stem the tide setting in from the Douglas ranks toward Lincoln. One would naturally suppose that Pennsylvania and Indiana would be selected as States which "cannot be carried for Lincoln," thus rendering his defeat certain. But it happens that both these States have an October election, which will tell a wonderful tale two weeks before the Presidential election. The friends of the Mains, Ohio and Towns, also have elections before the final result is ascertained. Therefore they must not be counted among those which "cannot be carried for Lincoln." New York, though nominally Republican—Democrat, but Republican enough to give Lincoln a majority—New York has no October election, Therefore it is taken up as the only chance that can, by any possibility, be induced to fight in the emergency above indicated. This is the plain and simple explanation of the *Times's* disinclination and suppression and mutilation of the public dispatches.

The West Side Railroad Question.

The matter is still in vigorous action, the connection of the great railroad lines seeking union in the West Side Depot, the location of which, on the river south of Madison, the best politicians in the city are at work. Our own connection with this question commenced in our calling the attention of West Side residents to the proposed change in the original ordinance, which gave the roads all they asked in 1859, the right to cross the big streets by means of tunnels. The permission is now sought to lay the tracks over the streets at grade, the trains to pass through the alley a little more than a block west of the river.

This is only asked for one year, it is said, and the roads promise to give all guarantees that they will build these tunnels and lay their permanent track in that time. Now, as representing the public, we are like the people generally, in being shy of granting what we believe has no existence in history—a temporary franchise to a railroad company. We distrust the measure altogether. It is far easier to grant the right to lay tracks than to rescind that right, and after the right is rescinded or expires, the tracks will remain, and will remain despite the public position of any of those who now volunteer in such a contingency to turn out and tear up the rails.

Let none of our citizens deceive themselves in this matter. The objection to passing down the street with a locomotive and a train, usually at once, is not of a feather's weight with the Companies, or those who are urging the measure. It is *the value of the property* that must be injured and condemned, from which they shrink. The tunnels cannot be built, and yet the law of eminent domain enables them to take the property in injunction auits fought through all the courts.

Is this an easier undertaking for next year than now? Will the river front be any less valuable property in 1861, or in 1863 than in 1860? Nobody believes it. Not one of these companies can build a tunnel, and the harder will be lighter. They propose what some of them fondly believe a temporary measure, but which is certain to be made permanent so that these tracks when laid are not for all time. Will it be more difficult to get an extension from the Common Council next year, than it was last week to bring a matter equally fine so near a consummation that previously nothing but the signature of a gentleman defeated it? Is final because a clear majority of the Aldermen were ready to vote for an ordinance which, if passed, would have virtually given the roads their tracks for all time. The entire legal profession of the city can construe nothing else from the transaction.

For ourselves, we are unalterably opposed to railroad tracks traversed by six great companies passing down an alley less than three hundred feet from the river. We say unhesitatingly that the interested property owners in and out of the Common Council have no right to grant this even for one year—and we do not grant it for all time. The dock fronts will rise in value yearly, and purchase and adjustment of rights per rod each year now difficult.

We are willing to meet the question squarely, and as a choice of evils urge what will be far more well to the West Side. Let the railroads come down Canal street. It is a wide and level street. Trains can be seen its entire distance. It is far enough from the river to relieve the public from the danger and inconvenience that must be perpetual to those who with restive horses find in front of their dwellings a train of cars or an open bridge with a tug swearing in the gap. On Canal street the public can see the trains and no serious inconvenience.

Again, Canal street is to be a street of manufactories. There is the great Machine Shop of P. W. Gates & Co. There are Planing Mills, and Joiner Shops, and Lumber Yards, and the railroads can throw out their sidings, and under such an advantage, manufacturing establishments will spring up the whole length of Canal street.

Unless we are to have the tunnels, and of that the prospects are very dark, we believe West Siders generally will prefer to have the trains on Canal street where they can be gone by in three minutes, than to have them on Lake street where they will be a nuisance for 10 times as long. Property will be condemned and injured then nearer the river.

Let the public judge of this matter and not be misled. There is nothing behind that we have not stated. The roads now stink from building the tunnels, so they say it will be done in the shortest possible time. Life in the courts and at the hands of appraisers. Who believes, their tracks once laid, they will not yield to the pressure of the public? We do not. We have no faith in the promises of the company in New Jersey can hardly be more clearly exhibited than by the following list of the journals published in that State, with their political bearings in 1856, and again as they stand at present:

For Fremont	14
For Fillmore	6
For Buchanan	14

Besides the above there were eleven which remained neutral. At present the newspaper press is divided as follows:

For Lincoln	22
For Bell	2
For Douglas	10
For Breckinridge	2

There are several others hesitating between Douglas and Breckinridge.

These figures tell their own story. Of the six journal that supported Fillmore one now support Lincoln, one is neutral, and the other goes for Bell, while two others started as Americans since 1856 are now for Lincoln, who has to day more New Jersey journals supporting him than those for Douglas, Breckinridge and Bell together. Several Republican papers from the state are edited by zealous supporters of Fillmore in '56

Hancock County.

(Correspondence of the Press and Tribune.)

CARTHAGE, ILL., July 17, 1860.

The Republicans of this (Hancock) county held their Convention on Saturday last, Saturday Morning was nominated for County Clerk, Robert Lincoln (a counin to Old Abe) for Sheriff, and James Moore for Coroner—all good and true men, and we intend to elect them. Respectfully yours,

ALEX. STUPSON.

A UNION-SAVER'S RECORD.

Edward Everett's Views on Slavery.

The following facts will doubtless excite a thrill of astonishment throughout the country, and may possibly render it necessary to call another National Convention of the Union-Savers.

It seems that in 1837 the following resolves were adopted by the Massachusetts Legislature:

Resolved, That Congress has, by the Constitution, power to abolish slavery and the slave trade in the District of Columbia, and that there is nothing in the forms or circumstances of the acts of cession by Virginia and Maryland, or otherwise, enforcing any legal or moral restraints on its exercise.

Resolved, That Congress ought to take measures to effect the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia.

Resolved, That the rights of humanity, the interest of the country, and the common good demand the suppression by Congress of the slave trade carried on in and through the District.

Resolved, That Congress has, by the Constitution, power to abolish Slavery in the Territories of the United States.

Resolved, That no new State should hereafter be admitted into the Union, whose constitution of government shall permit the existence of domestic Slavery therein.

Resolved, That Congress has, by the Constitution, power to abolish the trade in slaves between the States of the Union.

Resolved, That the exercise of this power is demanded by the principles of humanity and justice.

In 1839 the Hon. Nathaniel Borden of Massachusetts, propounded to Mr. Everett the following inquiries:

1st. Are you in favor of the immediate abolition, by law, of slavery in the District of Columbia, and of the slave traffic between the States of the Union?

2d. Are you opposed to the admission into the Union of a new State, in the Constitution of which tolerates domestic slavery?

The following is Mr. Everett's reply:

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 31, 1839.

DEAR SIR: On Saturday last, I only received your letter of Aug. 12, propounding to me certain interrogatories, and earnestly requesting an answer.

You are aware that several resolves on the subject of the slave trade, and Slavery in the Union, accompanied by a very able report, were introduced into the Senate of Mass. a twelve month year before last by a joint committee of the Legislature, of which the late lamented Mr. Alvord was Chairman. These resolves, after being been scarcely touched by amendment, were adopted by the Legislature. I have seen no reason to alter the views of your interrogatories. *Having regard to the Constitution, and the duties, rights, and interests of the parties concerned, I do not think the subject embraced in your inquiries is at present in a state for legislation by Congress while I was a member. I voted in Congress on the motion to lay upon the table the prayer of the American Anti-Slavery Society for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, and on other motions of like character, introduced to excite the consideration of the class of petitioners.*

I am, Your friend and servant,

EDWARD EVERETT.

To Hon. Nathaniel Bordeo.

THE CITY.

Auction Sales this Morning.

Furniture, Bedsteads, Carpets, &c., at 56, 58 Lake street, by Bangs, Sherman, Gardner & Co.

Canvassers Wanted.

The Campaign Life of Lincoln will be issued from this office to-day. Newsboys and newsagents can do well by retailing this document. Tens of thousands of people will want to read it.

PROPERTY FOUND.—At the Armory may be found a quantity of female wearing apparel, found under the sidewalk on Franklin street.

CONTRIVED.—The examination of young Rogers, the clerk in Dr. Cecil Office, arrested on a charge of embezzlement, stands continued to the 24th.

CREATING EXCHANGES.—The shipments of yesterday show the largest figure yet reached by corn this season, in 203,702 bushels, or nearly $100,000 worth of this staple.

ACCIDENT.—We learn that a few nights since a young girl sixteen years old was so badly burned at the City Hotel, by the upsetting of a camphene lamp, that the doctors give little hope of her recovery.

A ROGUE HORSEWAY ROBBERY CASE.—A German named Gemrike was arrested yesterday on a charge of perjury in swearing out a warrant for the theft of his horse and buggy, which he claimed to have stolen.

☞ In the late reference to the visit of the Academy of Sciences to Lake Forest the name of Prof. J. H. Rauch was sadly bungled in the types, and should read as follows: "Prof. Lecture on Botany on that occasion was delivered by Prof. Rauch.

THE ZOUAVES AT CORTLAN.—Our Chicago Zouaves are taking the New York papers by storm. In drill in the Academy of Music, it will be seen by the dispatches. We see that in Cleveland, Rochester and Syracuse, companies have resolved to adopt the Zouave drill.

A CONSTABLE LETTING ON A DRUG STORE.—Yesterday afternoon the "gallant gray" driven by Charley Tunnicliff, took the bits in its teeth and charging in his buggy, and in one straight beat drove smack into the drug store, No. 60 North Clark street, creating a smashup and a cracker contribution.

PERSONAL.—Hon. A. R. Brown and Dr. L. W Jenness, Lowell, Mass.; Thomas Mathews and A. D. Bull, Florida; Chas. B. Hall and family, Boston; Hon. N. H. Purple, Peoria; Rev. E. Strode, Alabama; G. M. Strode, Tennessee, and D. Williams, Mississippi, are among the arrivals at the Briggs House.

☞ We would call especial attention to the great sale at auction of boots and shoes, commencing on Thursday evening, July 19th, at No. 163 Randolph street, under Metropolitan Hall. This is the fine retail stock of Mr. E. S. Wells, and will be sold without reserve, to close the concern.

"SOUVENIR BRASS, &C"—Messrs. Root & Cady the enterprising music dealers in Lorman Block are at present finishing an extensive department of their trade in Brass Instruments and band outfits. In this stirring campaign soon to be in full fervor, bands are to be held at a premium. The house referred to can, from an extensive stock, fill orders than will compete with any New York establishment.

STILL ALIVE—Within a few days past has been chronicled the death of the little girl at Cottage Grove, injured by being struck by the shaft of a buggy. We are happy to be able to correct the statement. She is still living, and under Dr. Collins' care is doing well. The shaft did not even pierce the throat, inflicting a ghastly wound.

APPRAISAL POSTPONED.—The Commissioners appointed by the Court on the 6th inst., to condemn land and assess damages to property contiguous to the proposed tunnel of the Chicago & Northwestern Railroad, met at the Sheriff's office, and at the request of the parties interested in the property, the Court adjourned over to the 15th August.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A YOUNG MAN FROM CHICAGO.—The St. Louis *Bulletin* of last Monday says:—

A young man named Barry, apparently about twenty-four years of age, dropped dead very suddenly Saturday afternoon, on the steps of the Court House. He had recently arrived from Chicago, and was suffering with congestive chills. He had just obtained a permit to visit the hospital and was walking up

A Proposed Indignation Meeting.

A strong feeling of indignation pervades the whole community, irrespective of politics, at the unfavorable notices of the course pursued by the *Sourlegrass* of the Chicago *Times*, so ill that street will lying and infamous stories relative to the presence of the Small Pox in city. It has day after day hooted the charges, which have again and again been refuted.

It persists that we are in the midst of "*frightful epidemic*," that the disease is "spreading with fearful rapidity," and yet daily connects the name of some respectable physician with the rumor. This it has done in the most reckless manner. Its last job was to announce yesterday that Dr. Powell informed him that he was attending a sick person in Fifth Ward, and then informed us that he recently seen neither the sick nor Pox nor *Scarlegrass*.

Now what is the effect of this. Our streets, our hotel keepers are finding the lie everywhere quoted in evidence against the hilarity condition of our city. Personal friends are being inspired with fear of visiting our city, and all this that the petty paper spite of the *Times* may find vent.

The community has been growing of an indignation meeting of our business public. It may be well to hold one, if such be necessary to rouse the community and let the *Times* see it is safer to visit than now. "That may be as unusual is a city of our population," as the lie in question.

Yet this is characteristic of the Chicago *Times*. Its lies for years abound in the most reckless and malicious attacks on our city enterprises and deliberate schemes to the injury of the same, and then editorially heralds the growth of city enterprises, and claims the credit of their undertaking. It has never been otherwise than the defamer of Chicago.

It seems very strange that so pressed all processes. It certainly has got far away from the sympathy of its customary supporters and some of all parties seem to be fearing that the times of a lie sheet that has willfully and falsely circulated these infamous and dangerous rumors.

An Instance of Gratitude.

One of our physicians in Michigan Avenue morning received a visit from an Irishman, huge and hurly in form, in whose countenance a single eye did the duty of two. The Irishman was enough to be unarmed, or rather, short to propose such a measure, and decreed he would the look the better with the eye sockets filled with a glass eye. In a city in our this is easily done, and from a neighboring Lake street drug house he was fitted with an "eye" glass of his natural orbit in size and hue. When the eye was inserted, the physician handed his patient a small mirror. The glass was enough. He looked from his reflection to the doctor in his arms actually kissed him, and then literally danced round the room to the excess of his joy. He paid the fee and departed. Some hours later, or just at nightfall, the doctor was conscious of an army of heavy shod feet tramping about his premises, and he was in the act of opening the door to let in the patient of the morning, one arm dancing with delight and "jumping at a drop of rum." Other alarms and solid as glass eyes will until they can be made more emotional.

After him come five other patients all third in an eye. One was a sailor with a green patch, a lean pen-nut pellet, a stem mason in his limed suit, whose eye a ship carpenter destroyed, and a German Fresh, all conveyed and all evidently fresh from some place where they had drank freely to their optical bereavement.

It was a Celtic version of the obstetry of the dog, whose broken leg the good surgeon set. "Now, doctor, dear, I'll be good to the dog, and give up opse, except one. So the cline thing by 'em as my dell by me and sowl or me, but I'll see ye paid," said the Irish Nimrod, as he limped off—and he stood from his patient in the morning that he was a well to do Irish farmer, and had been robbed of his eye in a row, and had come to the doctor to have a glass eye. He knew he was grateful, probably could over night, as he made no apparances, and there are still only five eyes in his little party.

The Eclipse.

The great eclipse of the sun yesterday, in Chicago, in the light of an exhibition merely, was a failure. The drop curtain didn't rise, and Old Sol and the gentle Luna did their business uncloseted behind some clouds. There is no ground for the rumor that there was a postponement on account of the weather. The

The Zouaves in New York.

The New York papers continue to give glowing notices of the Chicago Zouaves, who are winning golden opinions from the Gotham lies. On Monday last the company gave an exhibition drill in Madison Square in the presence of from 15,000 to 20,000 admiring spectators. We quote from the *Tribune*:

The movement of the Zouaves began at once, and were continued, with an intermission, for half an hour. The manual of arms was executed on the main road of the square, and there were some, also the majority of the crowd, who were not aware that the company had brought with them a complete outfit, and that the skirmishing, with which the exhibition ended, was actually in progress while they were all under the impression that the pyrotechnic display was yet to come. The Madison Square is well adapted to the purpose of one, to one of the fields used by the drill companies, and the surface of the latter is far more irregular. The effect of the only of the part rifled by the beeches and the real implements were the beeches and the bushes which at certain moments hindered the progress of the soldiers.

Dashing up the grand avenue, the Company formed in position, each movement being phlegmatically but touch of contagious fire the audience with astonishment, and moving behind their arms in every prescribed manner. The manner loading of the guns was so well made and so sympathetic that it was impossible to resist the contagion. The ramrods rose and fell with metallic rhythm, and the cartridges were bitten, the fire then restored to their places was so picturesque as to call for a general exclamation of admiration. The weapons seemed inspired with the spirit of the movement, and the Company symmetry. The intermittent shoulder fringe of the bayonets was almost as beautiful, the detachment of the bayonets was almost as exact, and the movement of the bayonets was as perfectly kept the lips of Colonel Ellsworth. The movement of the bayonets was hailed with cheers by the crowd, whose plaudits broke along the line of the Company. The movements in company are exceedingly difficult, demanding nerve and precision of the highest order. They were accomplished with entire success.

At the last point a violent rain storm set in, the crowd dispersed in every direction, and the Zouaves enveloping themselves in their blankets, quietly and quietly ended the session of the rain. *The Tribune* says:

Inured to all sorts of exposure and fatigue, it was not to be expected that a shower should prevent the gallant fellows serious discomfort, and all the time the rain was pouring down under the trees, responding to the hail summons of the bugle, they were forming and going through the skirmishes that closed the drill. It was rather that the contents of many clouds could not have dampened. These evolutions were, for the most part, very graceful and extraordinary of all. No professional soldier could have performed them more special applied conduct of the advance and retreat. The prone movement of the skirmishers, the kneeling of the sharpshooters, and the wonderful movement the same. Nor are still held in reserve; the exhibition closed before the heavy storm had begun, and the company, unterrupted by the storm, cheered the corps on their departure, and the Zouaves marched off Broadway, bearing no other marks of their exertion than those which the rain had left on their attached to their garments.

Many distinguished citizens have reached the commanding officer of the Cadets to drill the company, and the Zouaves, in the Academy of Music. It is urged by these correspondents that the Tuesday exhibition is a thing of the most peculiar display, and that the sum received from the sale of tickets, which it is proposed to be not overdowly exchequer of the company, while it would be a matter of regret that the Zouaves should be for the perfect gratification of their interests to be deprived. In the opinion of their interests to be deprived. In the opinion of their interests to be deprived. In the opinion

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8 copies, ... 12.00
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Money in registered letters at our risk.
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" three months, (one hundred insertions,)	35.00
" six months, (one hundred and fifty insertions,)	50.00
" one year, (three hundred insertions,)	75.00

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MR. EVERETT ON SLAVERY.

[Continued on Second Page.]

THE CITY.

Auction Sales this Morning.

Furniture, Groceries, Crockery, &c., at 143 Lake street, by Gilbert & Simpson, Auctioneers.

Conservative Convention.

The Campaign Life of Lincoln will be issued from this office this afternoon. Newsboys and newspaper men can do well by retailing this document. Tens of thousands of people will want to read it.

PROPERTY FOUND.—At the Armory may be found a quantity of female wearing apparel, found outside the city limits, on Franklin street.

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☞ In the late reference to the visit of the Academy of Sciences to Lake Forest the name of Prof. J. H. Rauch was badly mangled in the types, and made quite another matter. The Lecture on Botany on that occasion was delivered by Prof. Rauch.

THE ZOUAVES AT GOTHAM.—Our Chicago Zouaves are taking New York by storm. They are to drill in the Academy of Music, it will be seen by the displacards. We see that in Cleveland, Rochester and Syracuse, companies have received to adopt the Zouave drill.

A CONSTABLE LEVIES ON A DATO STORE.—Yesterday afternoon the "grand gents" driven by Chorley Tunnicliff, took the bits in its teeth and Charley in his haggy, and in one straight heat drove smack into a Dato store, No. 10 North Clark street, creating a smashup and a mixture extraordinary.

PERSONAL.—Hon. A. R. Brown and Dr. I. W. Jennes, Lowell, Mass.; Thomas Hetherington, A. D. Bell, Florida; Chas. B. Hall and family, Boston; Hon. N. H. Purple, Peoria; Rev. E. Strode, Alabama; J. M. Strode, Tuscaloosa and Selma, Mississippi, are among the arrivals at the Briggs House.

☞ We would call especial attention to the great sale at auction of boots and shoes, commencing on Thursday evening, July 19th, at No. 163 Randolph street, under Metropolitan Hall. This is the fine retail stock of Mr. E. S. Wells, and will be sold without reserve, to close the concern.

SOMNIO BRASS, &c.—Messrs. Root & Cady the enterprising music dealers in Larmon Block are at present holding an extensive display of their fine stock of Musical Instruments and band outfits. In this stirring campaign soon to be in full fervor, bands are to be held in a prominent place, wherever they go, from an extensive stock, fill orders that will compare with any New York establishment.

STILL ALIVE.—Within a few days past has been chronicled the death of the little girl at Chicago Corner, the death of a child in the shaft of a buggy. We are happy to be able to correct the statement. She is still living, and Mr. Collins' case is very slight. The child was struck lor in the throat, inflicting a ghastly wound.

APPRAISAL POSTPONED.—The Commissioners appointed by the Court on the 6th inst., to condemn land and assess damages to property on Chicago Avenue, in the vicinity of Rockwell, and at the request of the Railroad Company, the Court adjourned over to the 14th August.

SUDDEN DEATH OF A YOUNG MAN FROM CHOLERA.—The St. Louis *Bulletin* of last Monday says: A young man named Barry, apparently about twenty-four years of age, dropped dead very suddenly Saturday afternoon, on the steps of the Custom House. He had recently arrived from Chicago, and was suffering with cholera morbus, which, he had just obtained a permit to the Marine Hospital, and was walking up

☞ A Proposed Indignation Meeting.—A strong feeling of indignation pervades the whole community, irrespective of party, at the criminal recklessness of the course pursued by the *Staatszeitung* of the Chicago *Times*, in that sheet with lying and inhuman sneers relative to the presence of the Small Pox in city. It has day after day howled the charge, which have again and again been refuted.

It persists that we are in the midst of "*frightful epidemic*," that the disease "spreading with fearful rapidity," and at daily concerts the name of some respect physician with the rumor. This is done the past fortnight or more. Its that it was to announce yesterday that Dr. Powell informed him that he was attended as a pox patient in Edina Place. Dr. Powell assures us that he has recently seen neither the Small Pox nor *Staatszeitung*.

Now what is the effect of this. Our citizens, our hotel keepers are finding the *Staatszeitung* quoted in evidence against them, and by the touch of a sneaking, lying sheet are being inspired with a fear of visiting our city, and all this that the petty pique of the *Times* may find vent.

There was talk last evening of an indignation meeting of our business public. It may be well to hold such a meeting, and let the world the community abroad that Chicago was safer to visit than now. "That *Staatszeitung* is a city of our population," will be found here.

Yet this is characteristic of the Chicago *Times*. Its lies are its stock in trade, its sneers its cry. It has attacked our city credit, its and deliberate schemes to the injury enterprise, and has sought by lacerating the good of city orders, and the sacrifice of city property under execution. It has never been otherwise than the defamer of Chicago.

It is almost greatly to have passed all precedent bounds. It certainly has got far away from sympathy of its customary supporters and the sneers and lies with which it has been accustomed to cast at its hot-house plants have become a nuisance. The intermittent shoulder hitching of the Democratic Chicago Times, the entertainment of the hoyoons was almost an exact, and well-nigh exhausted joke. It has so frequently let the lips of Colonel Ellsworth. The successive explosions were laughed at, and even, as by the crowd, whose plaudits broke along the ranks, and at a time when the fortunes of opponents in company are exceedingly difficult, deserving opposition, exactness of the and of utmost agility. They were accomplished with entire success.

At this point a violent rain storm set in, the crowd dispersed in every direction, and the Zouaves escaping themselves in the red and green of the Chicago Times, and the rain. The *Tribune* says:

Inured to all sorts of exposure and fatigue, it was not to be expected that a Summer shower would give the gallant fellows serious inconvenience, and, in fact, they seemed to be delighted under the trees, responding to the loud sonorous "Fall in line!" with a good-natured laugh, and going through the skirmishes that closed the drill, with an order that the contents of many clouds could not have dampened. These skirmishes, for the spectacle, are the most attractive and extraordinary of all. No professional and practiced gymnastic performer, nimble and hardiihood of the atrocious and reckless. The great number of the spectators, and the spiritual movement the same. Many of the spectators expected to see some of the boys sever; the exhibition closed before the heavy storm, and the drill was not interrupted by the storm, cheered the corps as they filed away, in column, from the square in good order, bearing no other marks of their exertion than the dust of the parade ground had attached to their garments.

The Zouaves have this evening have reached the commanding officer of the Cadets to drill in the Academy of Music, on Tuesday, the 24th day of Music. It is urged by these corresponding to the Lester would enforce a new stage for their peculiar display, and that the same would be a great attraction, and that in addition to the not overflowing exchequer of the company, which, it is said, is largely indebted to the thousands of people for the period gratuitous of their interest in the Zouaves. It is the corps to avoid all display, and to be a quiet and peaceable, and inoffensive as ample for their contemplated tour. Yet, at the request of the Academy of Music, and the importunate citizens, they are willing to appear at the Academy of Music, on the 24th, if the Cadets will let them the matter.

The therefore of the steamer Great Eastern have extended an invitation to the Zouaves to attend the ball, and they will leave Tuesday (Wednesday) morning at 9 o'clock. The opportunity has offered for the Zouaves to "pay the compliment of the metropolis of the same" and the Zouaves will be the guests of the Great Eastern and strangers sojourning here.

An unpleasant incident occurred in Chicago and taken full wing among the first regiments of the South. Many of the Zouaves are exceedingly fastidious comparatively cold and feeble; that the attention given their dress, and the attention to the decorations of the corps; and that the jealousy of the new corps has caused a feeling of unpleasantness. The Zouaves are a corps of gentlemen, and the Chicago Zouaves, in the light of an exhibition merely, was a failure. The drop curtain didn't rise, and Old Sol and the gentle Luna did their long and unchanged behind the scenes. There is no ground for the rumor that there was a postponement on account of the weather. The

DIED.

On Tuesday, the 17th, at the residence of the Mother, Mrs. Mary Ann Bond, in the 84th year of his age, MARLOW BOND, formerly of his brother, 24 south Jefferson street, will take place at one o'clock.

☞ Ann Arbor, Mich., papers please copy.

New Advertisements.

☞ C. H. SCRIVEN, Advertising Agent, 93 Dearborn, is authorized to receive Advertisements for this and all the Leading Papers of the North West. 29-3t-eod.

WANTED—A purchaser for a [illegible]

WANTED IMMEDIATELY [illegible]

FOR SALE—Michigan Avenue [illegible]

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC—[illegible]

$10,000—At Auction—$10,000

A FINE STOCK OF

BOOTS AND SHOES

—AT—

163 RANDOLPH STREET.

(Under Metropolitan Hall.)

SALE TO COMMENCE ON

THURSDAY EVENING, July 19th.

LINCOLN AND HAMLIN BADGES.

Badges on Satin, assorted Colors, With correct likenesses of Lincoln.

Price 10 cents single, $1 50 per dozen. 75 cents per dozen, $5 50 per hundred.

W. B. REED, Wholesale Stationer, No. 5 Lake st., Chicago.

DOUGLAS AND JOHNSON BADGES.

Badges on Satin, Assorted Colors.

With correct likenesses of Douglas.

Price, 10 cents single, 75 cents per dozen, $5 50 per hundred.

W. B. REED, Wholesale Stationer, No. 5 Lake st., Chicago.

SEWING MACHINE AGENTS.

Wanted in every County throughout the Western States to sell the

Young's Improved $30 Sewing Machine.

These Machines are sold for all varieties of work, Sewing Silk, Tailoring and Heel and Sole Sewing. Warranted for Five Years. Agents can make from $100 to $200 per month. Address

YOUNG & CO., Chicago, Ill.

WANTED SALESMEN, 132 LAKE STREET.

MARKET FIRE INSURANCE OF NEW YORK.

Cash Capital and Assets, [illegible]

Cash Capital, [illegible]

STANDARD FIRE INS. CO.

Cash Capital, [illegible]

FIRE INS. CO., of London,

Capital, [illegible]

EAGLE & ALBION LIFE INS. CO.

Capital, [illegible]

WIDE AWAKE

BRASS BANDS, &c.

WILL FIND AT

ROOT & CADY'S

MUSIC STORE,

Wanted.

WANTED—A Well Nurse. Apply at Dr. COOK'S, 227 Indiana, corner Wabash.

AGENTS WANTED in every COUNTY in the state of Illinois, to sell the Life of Lincoln. Address, L. P. GRIDLEY, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—A convenient dwelling, containing from Ten to Twelve rooms, North side, south of Chicago Avenue, or West side, north of Lake street. Inquire at Tribune office.

WANTED—A Furnished House, Cottage, or Apartments, for a SMALL HOUSE, FURNISHED. Inquire at 143 Lake street, Chicago.

WANTED—To exchange, a good Upright Piano, for a Cow and Calf, or Heifer. Inquire at 143 Lake street, Chicago.

WANTED FOR THE UNITED STATES ARMY.

We want five recruits on our Premises, young, able-bodied men, of good character, between the ages of 21 and 35 years, to serve in the Cavalry, Artillery and Infantry. For enlisting these men we will pay the highest price in cash, and give a bonus of $2 to each man.

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Auction Sales.

BY GILBERT & SAMPSON,

Auctioneers, 143 Lake street.

FURNITURE, CHAIRS, BEDSTEADS, Office Safes, &c.

AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY, July 19th, at precisely 9 o'clock, we will sell at our Store, 143 Lake street, a large assortment of Furniture, Chairs, Bedsteads, Office Safes, Tables, Crockery, Stoves, Pots, Kettles, Tinware, Carpetings, Oil Cloths, Rocking Chairs, Cradles, Cooking Stoves, Parlor Stoves, Tinware, Crockery, Glassware, Cutlery, Tools

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The Decoy Ducks in Cincinnati.

The Cincinnati papers contain a call for a Bell and Everett ratification meeting, signed by 200 persons, at Cincinnatia, who is lamb but with almost every name on the call, pointed out to us the names of several dead men attached to it, also, the names of a large number of original Republicans, and not a few Douglas lies. The gotten up of the decoy duck call was along the secrets and equal many of the names from the signs. Most of those who signed the call or allowed their names to be appended to it, did so as an advertising dodge, for the purpose of drawing or retaining business from Southern merchants can now purchase goods from them without being assailed by the Breckinridge party for patronizing Republican commission men. There was no particular harm they thought in signing a call for an out-door spread eagle meeting. Being that it was cheap, and throwing away their votes on Bell or Douglas, for the benefit of Breckinridge and Joe Lane, is quite another thing.

Our Cincinnati friend assures us that one out of every ten houses appended to the call, are so certain to vote for Lincoln as the day of the call election day. But whatever they may do will not effect the result in the State, particularly as there are some 6,000 votes cast for Pillmore in Cincinnati, and 20,000 in the State, but Ohio went for Fremont by a large majority. A few hundred scattering votes for Bell, Bell, in the amount that can be pumped out of the movement by the most careful management and leader ship, on the part of the Douglas lies. The thing is played out. Men are in earnest this year, and decoy ducks will not catch enough fools to pay for spreading the nets.

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F. W. Gates & Co. There are Planing Mills, and Butter Stamps, &c., &c. To each of these the railroads can throw out their siding, and under such an advantage, manufacturing establishments will spring up the whole length of Canal street.

Unless we are to have the tunnels, and of the tunnels there is some very light, we know West Siders generally will not vote for the tunnels on Canal street since they rejected the proposition to place the Court House on Canal street, and thus give to their things in exchange, a tunnel, and a Court House, and have the Court House and tunnels, and have the Court House and tunnels—and we know that the State will give the tunnel in equity—New York has no October election. Therefore it is taken up as the only chicken that can, by any possibility, be induced to fight in the emergency above indicated. This is the plain and simple explanation of the Times's dishonest suppression and mutilation of the public dispatches.

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APPRAISAL PETITIONER.—The Commissioners appointed by the Court on the 6th inst., to determine just and just damages to property on Canal street, and the report of Mr. Emmons Clark, on the report of the Commissioners, [illegible] *your inquiries in the affirmative.* The best of the subject matter, in your inquiry is the only one of the 4 which came before Congress while I was member. I voted in the negative on the motion to lay upon the table the petition of the Abolitionists of Salem, Mass., for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, and on other occasions of the character, I succeed to stave off the consideration of this class of petitions.

I am, Dear Sir, very respectfully,
Your friend and servant,
EDWARD EVERETT.

To Hon. Nathaniel Borden.

Some little reminiscences have been revived by the Richmond *Enquirer*, much to the grief of the "Union Dough" supporters of the Bell-Everett ticket in Virginia.

Old Line Whigs in New York for Lincoln.

A mass meeting in favor of the election of Lincoln of several thousand Americans and Old Line Whigs supported Fillmore in 1856 was held in Union Square, New York, on Monday evening last. It was presided over by Judge Lewis, who received a few hundred and Fifty Presidents, and thirty five Secretaries—all industrial members of the late American party. Letters were read from Hon. John A. Dix, Hon. Gerrit Smith, Rodger S. Baldwin, Willis Hall, E. S. Snow, and George R. Babcock, all original Old Guy Guard to support Lincoln and Hamlin. The meeting was addressed by Daniel Ullman, Rufus S. Andrews, Horace Greeley and others.

The N. Y. *Tribune* says of the meeting:

The meeting last evening of men who in 1856 supported Millard Fillmore, and now support Lincoln, Hamlin and Freedom, Mr. Ullman participated who would have voted for Bell and Everett if they have separately supported, with a reasonable prospect of success, but who regard the idea of being drawn after the car of the head bruiser of the Missouri Compromise, Slave Code, Slave Trade, Slave Extension, Torrey-Lucite of those is in our city who supported Mr. Fillmore in 1856, either for Lincoln or for Douglas; most of them are already decided by for Lincoln, and the rest are coming along.

RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolutions were read by Mr. Alexander Spoulding, and adopted by the meeting:

WHEREAS, A Presidential election once more approaches, wherein the issue is slavery, and nothing else.

Resolved, That the election of Abraham Lincoln to the Presidency, we morally certain, will fully close an era of prodigality, imbecility and perfidy in the Public Service, and that the integrity, economy and nationality, restoring to office and to the Republic.

Resolved, That we call upon our citizens without distinction of party to rally under the standard of lincoln and Hamlin in the full assurance that their election will secure to be need and most needed attention to the great industrial and commercial interests of the country, too long made the sport of faction and the plaything of fanatic ambition.

Resolved, That we call upon the electors of city and state to be earnest and united in the administration of Abraham Lincoln with a Congress of like patriotic spirit, directed and fall corruptible men, who will cordially and earnestly labor for the success of the Rise of Liberty, Honesty and National Prosperity.

Delaware.

Advices from well interested connexes in this State assure us that two tickets are in the field Officers, Congress and Legislature, will probably be run in this State, certainly including the "Democrats" and the "People's." The latter are the Douglas tickets and both the lincoln men, in the former will by Breckinridge and Douglas men. The People's party will be very equal in strength, but the People's party are quite moderate in their views. For Presidential electors tickets will be run, and the prospect at the Breckinridge ticket is quite flattering, and has a small virtual into the Democratic ranks, while the People's party is divided about equally. The Republicans are a young, zealous, growing party, however, and the results of the October election, added to the late excellent exertions, may yet give them the State. At all events, their day of triumph cannot be long postponed.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

DANGEROUS ATTEMPT AT WRECKING.—Yesterday Deputy Sheriff Scofield came in from Dunn Station, 22 miles from this city, in the town of Wheeling, having in custody one Stephen McEnough, arrested for dangerously—it is said—attempting to wreck a freight train owned Brown, residing at that place.

The affair took place yesterday morning. It appears that the train on the day before had a freeze with one Kelly, and meeting Brown, the next day, mistook him for the former. He was made at him, and stabbed him several times with a cheap knife. The unfortunate man, it is feared, cannot survive.

McEnough was taken before Justice Millikes, and was committed in default of heavy bonds, for ten days, to await the result of Brown's injuries. On his way to jail, though his hands were tied, the prisoner suddenly overthrew the officer having him in charge, and made an effort to escape.

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The meeting last evening of men who in 1856 supported Millard Fillmore, and now support Lincoln, Hamlin and Freedom, Mr. Ullman participated who would have voted for Bell and Everett if they have separately supported, with a reasonable prospect of success, but who regard the idea of being drawn after the car of the head bruiser of the Missouri Compromise, Slave Code, Slave Trade, Slave Extension, Torrey-Lucite of those is in our city who supported Mr. Fillmore in 1856, either for Lincoln or for Douglas; most of them are already decided by for Lincoln, and the rest are coming along.

RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolutions were read by Mr. Alexander Spoulding, and adopted by the meeting:

WHEREAS, A Presidential election once more approaches, wherein the issue is slavery, and nothing else.

Resolved, That the election of Abraham Lincoln to the Presidency, we morally certain, will fully close an era of prodigality, imbecility and perfidy in the Public Service, and that the integrity, economy and nationality, restoring to office and to the Republic.

Resolved, That we call upon our citizens without distinction of party to rally under the standard of lincoln and Hamlin in the full assurance that their election will secure to be need and most needed attention to the great industrial and commercial interests of the country, too long made the sport of faction and the plaything of fanatic ambition.

Resolved, That we call upon the electors of city and state to be earnest and united in the administration of Abraham Lincoln with a Congress of like patriotic spirit, directed and fall corruptible men, who will cordially and earnestly labor for the success of the Rise of Liberty, Honesty and National Prosperity.

Delaware.

Advices from well interested connexes in this State assure us that two tickets are in the field Officers, Congress and Legislature, will probably be run in this State, certainly including the "Democrats" and the "People's." The latter are the Douglas tickets and both the lincoln men, in the former will by Breckinridge and Douglas men. The People's party will be very equal in strength, but the People's party are quite moderate in their views. For Presidential electors tickets will be run, and the prospect at the Breckinridge ticket is quite flattering, and has a small virtual into the Democratic ranks, while the People's party is divided about equally. The Republicans are a young, zealous, growing party, however, and the results of the October election, added to the late excellent exertions, may yet give them the State. At all events, their day of triumph cannot be long postponed.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

DANGEROUS ATTEMPT AT WRECKING.—Yesterday Deputy Sheriff Scofield came in from Dunn Station, 22 miles from this city, in the town of Wheeling, having in custody one Stephen McEnough, arrested for dangerously—it is said—attempting to wreck a freight train owned Brown, residing at that place.

The affair took place yesterday morning. It appears that the train on the day before had a freeze with one Kelly, and meeting Brown, the next day, mistook him for the former. He made at him, and stabbed him several times with a cheap knife. The unfortunate man, it is feared, cannot survive.

McEnough was taken before Justice Millikes, and was committed in default of heavy bonds, for ten days, to await the result of Brown's injuries. On his way to jail, though his hands were tied, the prisoner suddenly overthrew the officer having him in charge, and made an effort to escape.

Cottage Grove, injured by being struck by the shaft of a buggy. We are happy to be able to correct the statement. He is still living, and under Dr. Collins' care is doing well. The shaft struck her in the throat, inflicting a ghastly wound.

APPRAISAL PETITIONER.—The Commissioners appointed by the Court on the 6th inst., to determine just and just damages to property on Canal street, and the report of Mr. Emmons Clark, on the report of the Commissioners, [illegible] *your inquiries in the affirmative.* The best of the subject matter, in your inquiry is the only one of the 4 which came before Congress while I was member. I voted in the negative on the motion to lay upon the table the petition of the Abolitionists of Salem, Mass., for the abolition of slavery in the District of Columbia, and on other occasions of the character, I succeed to stave off the consideration of this class of petitions.

I am, Dear Sir, very respectfully,
Your friend and servant,
EDWARD EVERETT.

To Hon. Nathaniel Borden.

Some little reminiscences have been revived by the Richmond *Enquirer*, much to the grief of the "Union Dough" supporters of the Bell-Everett ticket in Virginia.

Old Line Whigs in New York for Lincoln.

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Market Fire Insurance
OF NEW YORK.
Cash Capital and Assets, $250,000
Extensively free of risk and profits divided annually to Policy holders.
STANDARD FIRE INS. CO.
Cash Capital, $300,000.
FIRE INS. CO., of London,
Capital and Assets, $1,000,000.
EAGLE & ALBION LIFE INS. CO.
of London.
Capital, $5,000,000.
WIDE AWAKE CANVASS
WILL FIND AT
ROOT & CADY'S
MUSIC STORE,
95 Clark Street, Chicago,
The largest and best assortment of
Piston Valve Saxhorns,
Equitonic Valve Saxhorns,
Rotary Valve Saxhorns,
Cornets, Drums, Clarionets, Fifes, &c., &c., not of New York.
ROOT & CADY have the only Wholesale and Retail Warehouse that they offer cash for
BEST BRASS INSTRUMENTS.
Fifty varieties of Drums, Fifes and Fifes, the same article can be bought in New York.
Sheet Music, Price List and so.
STATEMENT OF THE
AFFAIRS OF THE
MARINE BANK OF CHICAGO,
Located at Chicago, Illinois, on the close of business on the first day of Monday of July, A. D. 1860.
[illegible]
BRASS BANDS, &c.
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HANNIBAL CITY PROPERTY
AT A BARGAIN.
I offer for sale, at the Land Office, in Hannibal, Mo., Hotel property, consisting of the Hannibal House, Pratt's Hotel, and Hotel Street, between Hill and Bird streets, in the City of Hannibal.
This Hotel block of fifteen and ninety-five feet front, on Hill street, and one hundred and twenty feet on Bird street, is the best Hotel property in the City of Hannibal.
Hannibal is the terminus of the Hannibal and St. Joseph Railroad, and the Mississippi River, and is the most flourishing City in Missouri.
Title warranty. Title WARRANTY title to be deed, and terms easy. Apply to the undersigned, or to Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks, Indianapolis, Ind.
Hannibal, Mo., July 1st, 1860.
[illegible]
FOR PIKE'S PEAK.—The undersigned offers his services as a competent guide to any number of persons who may wish to cross the plains to the Pike's Peak, or any other conducive to their interest, and will be ready to start on the first day of April next, or sooner if parties have arrived in sufficient number to warrant the expense of a wagon train. Any number of persons desiring to join in a wagon train will be accommodated with a wagon and team, on reasonable terms. WM. WARRANT, Pike's Peak Guide.
Chicago, Ill., July 1st, 1860.
[illegible]
FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN.
A Mason Hunting Watch, in Fahnestock's Patent Protector, Gold Case, Patent Lever, two gold Lever, and one Silver Lever, Gold Case, Patent Lever, two gold Lever, and one Silver Lever, Gold Case, Patent Lever, two gold Lever, and one Silver Lever

Press & Tribune.

THURSDAY, JULY 19, 1860

IS DOUGLAS A CATHOLIC?

The Chicago *Herald* undertakes the job that the *Times* declines; not in obedience to the lure which says that "fools rush in where angels fear to tread," but in accordance with a self-imposed duty of acting as the tender of the *Irish* origin. The *Herald* declare nor accusation that Mr. Douglas' "ancestors had been invaded and a sum that freedom might have asked in vain given therefrom" in aid of the Pope. We beg the *Herald* to understand that it known not what it is talking about, and that its denial amounts to nothing. When it is older it will be wiser. Until then it is in vain that we point out the company into which it falls.? While it is getting its grounds in wisdom, can it answer the question—Is Douglas a Catholic? If not, why do the priests, bishops, hymns and journals of the Catholic Church support him without exception? What have they to gain by his triumph? Who in the event of Douglas' election is to be the keeper of the conscience of the King, have the out of royalty, the lackeystairs approach, the dispensing of the princely patronage?

NEW YORK.

The utter confusedness and immorality of the Chicago *Times'* gasconade in relation to the vote of New York will injure no one but its political friends, and only those who are simple enough to rely their money on the *Times'* predictions, which, by the way, can be compared to nothing so well as the promises in a Mexican pronunciamiento. New York is sure to go for LINCOLN, against all possible combinations and efforts of his opponents—Bell men, Douglasites, and Breckinridgeites—as the day of election is sure to come. He will carry the State by a majority over all, and a majority of Douglas of not less than one hundred thousand votes. And here are the reasons for the assertion: *1st*, the Republican majority disunited, Brock and Lane will get 80,000 to 100,000 votes. If the two factions consolidate, Douglas' honest supporters will see that the only effect of they succeed, will be to increase Breckinridge's chances by throwing the election into the House, and enough of them will designe to any result of that kind to destroy the popular majority over all, and give Douglas a majority of not less than one hundred thousand votes. And here are the reasons for the assertion: *2d*, the Republican majority disunited, Brock and Lane will get 80,000 to 100,000 votes. If the two factions consolidate, Douglas' honest supporters will see that the only effect of they succeed, will be to increase Breckinridge's chances by throwing the election into the House, and enough of them will designe to any result of that kind to destroy the popular majority over all, and give Douglas a majority of not less than one hundred thousand votes. And here are the reasons for the assertion: *3d*, the Republican majority disunited, Brock and Lane will get 80,000 to 100,000 votes. 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The report is in that veracious sheet, the *Times*, where it may be read by all whom it is desirable to see examination of the curious, the musty and the antique. We may mention, however, that they had not harmony even in that small squad. When John Wilson, the old Commissioner of the General Land Office, *yar excellence* the head, front and brains of the American party in the Northwest, told them, in a speech of sure pith and power, that the effect of a Bell-Everett organization in Illinois would be to aid the Little Napoleon, and that *that* could not be done without a sacrifice of honesty and patriotism, he was unceremonously dragged from his position as Chairman of the Executive Committee, and unceremoniously kicked out of the meeting. This, and the determination to hold a State Convention, at Decatur on the 16th of August, for the nomination of a State and Electoral ticket, was the sum of the proceedings. The Convention adjourned, and the members thereof left the hall with a quiet chuckle over their cunning which they thought no less not a imp into which many a spoony and green-horn will fall. So ended what to the public is a farce. And we have only the remark to make—

Buckner S. Morris and L. D. Boone, the leaders in this fellow hoax, are, at all times and all places, except when the exigencies of the Democratic party, as in this case, require that they should ostrich-like, stick their heads into the sand and delude themselves with the idea that they are the only men in the nation that their neighbor fellow-citizens are so blind, so purblind, so stupid, so dull, so memorable light, accepted money from Democrate quarters for the mere idea of the contrary, and by Democratic aid and comfort defeated 12,000 votes in the last election, which could succeed,—to them are the election of Mr. Buchanan, and the disgraceful and demoralizing incidents of his administration to be charged. They are the real author of the evil, chief that followed the result of that canvass. In 1856, in the struggle between Lincoln and Douglas, they were Douglas all over; and one of them spoke on election day in the city of this city in peddling Douglas tickets, and bitterly imagining and abusing all who opposed him. Neither of them has voted an American ticket for four years; and no matter how good the candidates the party may nominate at Decatur, they will be sure to work out the chest to its legitimate and expected end, vote for Douglas in lieu, and have their lost sensibilities, followers, who might prefer Lincoln and honesty to Douglas and trickery, with the leg to hold—to wonder, when all is over, how they could be hamstrung a second time by the men who had hamstrung them before.

But we apprehend that their success will be small—and the number of guilty which they strap Republicans pulls the string which Douglas has put into his hand, will be small. It is a homely adage, but true, that a hound chil drinks the soup. The men of the Bell and Centre who were used in 1856 to put Democracy up and Republicanism down, have had their eye-teeth cut by subsequent events. The Lecompton outrage and the Cincinnati outrage, the general exacerbation of the sectional excitement consequent upon the Dred Scott decision, and Democratic taunting of the pro-Slavery party, have taught them a lesson that they will not forget; and the fugleman in this latest movement will be compelled to receive a now injection of brains, and of a finer texture than those with which they are endowed, if they succeed in the job they have undertaken to put through. Morris, when running for Governor, fell 18,000 votes behind Fillmore. And that in a time of high popular excitement. It is tested of that number can now be found who will endorse his motion to lead them—a Fillmorite crew—into the Douglas camp, or have reckoned the Douglas ticket on. Are there more than that number of half-witted addle-pates in Illinois?

At present there seems to be no doubt of the position of the party of the Douglas ticket in the Old Line Whigs of Illinois. They are, we believe—the speakers that we have present—ed always excepted—sincerely opposed to a longer continuance of Democratic misrule. They see, as all unprejudiced men must see, that the fight is not between Bell and Lincoln, or Douglas and Lincoln, but between Breckinridge and Lincoln, and that one or the other of these must succeed before the people can be heard.

The Democracy, in State Convention, had a lustrous and stirring time of it, last week, at Springfield. Forty-five candidates for electors were plenty. The ballotings resulted in the selection of Lyman Ray, Clay Dean and Lincoln Clark for Electors at Large, and M. R. Bennett from the 1st District, and LeGrand Byington from the 2d.

Colonel Fitch, the editor of the *Statesman*, printed at Knoxville, and was in the Legislature during the two last sessions. Then he was the scribe of the party—and he is the man through that so other Democrat could find any apology for the outrages perpetrated by bears of the session, day after day, in frolicks malicious for delay, bank promotion, and other and privileged debate.

Fitch, by the way, acted as once a chaplain in Congress, and latterly as a "squatty" Democrat—Douglas—in the present Legislature. He has equal extent longitudinally and latitudinally, and in his speeches seems to be more given to prose upon their carriages, and to annoy the men who are engaged in the business of the street crowd at Philadelphia labored in the same direction, and the police could not or would do nothing with them. In New York the police, Bonner said, had strengthened on the reception, that of the visit to the City Hall, and generally the opinion among the people of the Metropolitan Hotel.

To the sober and self-puffery, the Philadelphia *Press* than replies:

There was a multitude of spectators in Philadelphia on the occasion of the Prince's visit, circumstantially conveyed through the city, at the rate of 5 miles an hour, but on every, they behaved multitude we never saw. The Japanese were infinitely more straightly and well behaved here. Our police has no need to interfere. It was in New York, and in Boston, that the Japanese were advertised to be seen in Philadelphia, and that 50 cents a head, as New York aldermen who sold forged tickets of admission, for rowdies, to the Japanese show, made what municipal appropriation of $10,000, in this city, was not expected, whereas New York voted $50,000 to entertain the Embassy, and certain aldermen and contractors spent $100,000 *in entertaining them alone.*

The War of the Factions in Pennsylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, July 27, 1860.

Hon. H. Welsh, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee, has written a reply to Hon. Anthony Wayne, in which he declares his adhesion with the compromise resolutions of the committee, and declares his intention to vote for Mr. Douglas, and to work, devoting the authority of the committee. Mr. Welsh concludes by saying that he has endeavored to act upon all questions involving the machinery of the party, "in a spirit of fairness and candor, and has had power to supply the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Mr. Fitzpatrick, in the State Committee only recommends a particular course, at a time when the Democrat Union will undertake to place other names on the electoral ticket—and the whole action of the State Committee, on matters for future consideration.

Mr. Welsh, alluding to the schism of the party, says he has endeavored to act in a manner as much inclined to respect the nomination made by the Democrat Convention, and the Maryland Institute, as at the Front Street Shed, and they can consider the decision, the chance to strike a common blow at the enemies of the Union and Constitution. He then proceeds to quote from Vance's speech at Reading, to prove that the Democratic party has nothing to do with the contest at Reading, and that the consideration of the compromise resolutions to defeat Republicanism.

More Accessions to Republicanism.

(Correspondence of the Cincinnati Gazette.)

NEW YORK, July 27, 1860.

Notice having been given for two or three days that William Dickey would deliver a speech on Democratic matters, he was seen evening, accordingly the citizens of the upper part of town, headed by a band, with banners flying, together with many other Republicans, and a large crowd of Democrats, assembled at the Court House, where they listened to a plain unvarnished tale by which the speaker gave the reasons for leaving the Democratic party, to which he had been a life long member, and joining in the support of Lincoln and Hamlin.

After the conclusion of Mr. Dibker, Mr. Wallace of Illinois, who was expected to speak, had stood by the Democratic party "through good as well as evil report," and the band, and in a very forcible manner gave his reasons for forthcoming to a Republican.

The popular mind is I at changing for Lincoln. The effect of the Chicago nominations is intended as enthusiastic a meeting since 1856.

At the close of the meeting it was announced that Frederick Hassaurek of your city would visit us at any time we choose, which produced cheer after cheer. You may set old Mody down 500 majority for Lincoln, Hamlin and Horton.

☞ Every one concurs in this:—No one but Lincoln can be elected by the People. The efforts of "the rung'd, streaked and speckled" gentlemen who wish to throw the election into the House, are nothing more nor less than conspiracies against the People.

Bell's Welcome Home.

Truth has received a splendid oration from his constituents on his return home to St. Louis, on Monday night last. The *News*, a Bell journal, says:

The demonstration in honor of Hon. Frank P. Blair, was very imposing and enthusiastic. It was preceded by a similar demonstration made a few weeks since in honor of Hon. John Bell, of Tennessee. The speech of Mr. Blair, in response to the welcome given him by the people, was the most able and eloquent one we have listened to for years. It was a complete vindication of his course in Congress, and a "squatty" Democrat—Douglas—in the present Legislature. He has equal extent longitudinally and latitudinally, and in his speeches seems to be more given to prose upon their carriages, and to annoy the men who are engaged in the business of the street crowd at Philadelphia labored in the same direction, and the police could not or would do nothing with them. In New York the police, Bonner said, had strengthened on the reception, that of the visit to the City Hall, and generally the opinion among the people of the Metropolitan Hotel.

To the sober and self-puffery, the Philadelphia *Press* than replies:

There was a multitude of spectators in Philadelphia on the occasion of the Prince's visit, circumstantially conveyed through the city, at the rate of 5 miles an hour, but on every, the well

Special Notices.

☞ Pimples and Skin Diseases are the result of impure blood. The blood becomes thick and clogged. The skin is not able to act as the lungs are important to health. How many young men and women were with their faces covered with pimples and blotches, who are endeavoring to remove them by the use of soaps and washes of various kinds. This is very dangerous and should never be practiced by persons desirous of good health. Nature has established a system of whatever eruptions, should never dry them up by external application, for in this way they will soon be in the lungs and produce ill health for the child dying in childhood. There is no matter but that likes to see her children off safely with fair health.

JUDGE'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS are prepared expressly for the use of emigrants. Price 25 cents. Pimples, Blotches, Pores, &c. ☞ If chance to be blood of bad humors, constipation is bound up, whose symptoms are so well known to all people, a dose or two of JUDGE'S MOUNTAIN HERB PILLS are sold by all Medicine Dealers.

☞ Something that Never Fails. —We do not, as a general rule, thrust the praise of "individuals" upon, but the only reliable product of the age, and yet we feel a confident expectation we can do so. In this respect DEBILITATED STOMACH BITTERS only exceeds Tobacco. No consumer ever obtained the same popularity in the same time. Seven years ago it was unknown and of no value whatever. Now, the enhancement to over two thousand dollars a year. Every month of the prophecy makes the same report; cases miraculous—testimonies of the people in the proprietary language every day—showed a continually increasing. Letters pour in by every mail announcing the wonderful effects in Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, general debility, Diarrhea, Dysentery, and all complaints of the stomach and secretory organs. It is not only without but palatable, being the most agreeable of all the Bitters at present before the public. 1y14-2w

P. P. P.

Park's Prickly Plasters.

They Repent Strength; They Anoint Blue Pain.

These delightful Plasters yield nothing to the nature of Dr Body, thereby proprietors and know of all the effects are completed frequently in a few days.

PARK'S Sem. Should be used for all Chronic Rheumatism, Pains, Pleurisy, Dyspepsia, Colds, Coughs, FRICKLY sumpkin, Hemorrhoids, Female Weakness, PLASTERS, &c. The only Reliable active preparation. Are only by the wear other plasters. Where sufficient cases are sure. Keep them by a trial—should have Sent Free. One sheet, 25 cents, three sheets or leaflet. Sample sent free by mail on receipt of the price. Address PARKS PARK, 115 & 116 Park Row, New York. Sold Wholesale and Retail, by JOHN D. PARK, 166 Lake street. 1y14-2w

☞ Dead Shot for Bed Bugs.—The marked and most reliable exterminator in the Pacific, applied, it remains as a year, has truly proved, for those non-commissioners of our slightly rot.

THE LIGHTNING FLY KILLER.

Destroys Flies Mosquitos, Bugs, Fleas, Moths and Gnats. Commence early and the house may be kept clear of flies all Summer. Well artists for sale by the Druggists everywhere. Send for a sample sheet.

L. L. DUTCHER & SON,
No. 48 Dey, N. Y. Proprietors.

☞ Sold by all good druggists. 1y14-2w

☞ Meyers' Miraculous Vermin Destroyer, the standard remedy for destroying RATS and MICE, COCKROACHES, BUGS, ANTS, MOSQUITOES, FLEAS, BEETLE, GRASS HOPPERS and GARDEN INSECTS.

☞ Depot, 482 Broadway, New York.

Sold by druggists everywhere. 1y14-2w

☞ Bourbon Whisky Bitters.—These popular Bitters possess all the nourishing and invigorating properties of Pure Old Bourbon Whisky and are unsurpassed in most efficacious Tonic and Invigorant, as well as the most agreeable Stimulant ever offered to the public. As a Tonic or Old People, delicate Ladies, invalids, and invalids, and as a family medicine, cannot be surpassed; in all cases of Weakness or Debility, they will prove perfect and permanent in their effects. Sold by druggists. A trial will establish their merits over all other medicines in use. For Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Dysentery, Nervous Prostration, Fever and Ague, Consumption, they are an invaluable Remedy; and are a certain preventive of Cholera and Fevers.

Put up in Quart Bottles, in cases of one and two dozen, and for sale by Druggists and Grocers everywhere.

W. F. & A. W. GREELEY, Proprietors, No. 23 Tremont street, Boston, Mass.

J. E. JOHNSON, General Agent,
No. 70 State street, Chicago.

W. H. LANDEN, Agent. 1y27-2w-1m-1y

☞ Those who are Curious to witness the wonderful purification to which A. Oberon, of Glen manager in Montgomery, N. Y. is from the use of the Sarsaparilla of Wild and Tropical, are invited to visit Mr. Wing and Hart Bro's Drug Store, at No. 102 Lake street, where three witnesses testimonies of art. Mr. Oberon can detect the artificial from the natural when adjusted to the head.

☞ Barry's Tricopherous is the best preparation for dressing, beautifying, preserving, cleaning, preventing and restoring the hair. Lastly, it is well by all Druggists and Perfumers. 1y14-2w

☞ Congress Water—Much spurious mineral water is here imposed on the world. CONGRESS WATER by unprincipled persons or counterfeiters, who, to make their profit, use the name of Congress Water, which is only manufactured by Gurney and Mott and Co. Now York, although it is well known to the medical faculty, in which the spring is situated.

To prevent the imposition on such ingredients, we have adopted Corks (Branded thus:

CONGRESS
G. W.
WATER.

Any one using these Corks twice weeks and before on the Corks, or counterfeit, and this publisher should prosecute the offender to suffering.

Agents have a receive proper situation if addressed to the at Congress Spring, Saratoga, Saratoga Co., N. Y.

Business Cards.

P. HOFFMANN,
Mechanical Dentist and Constructor
108 Washington street, between Clark and Dearborn
All kinds of Mechanical Dentistry constructed and repaired; work warranted to fit, and to be equal in every respect to the best; Gold, Silver, Platina, Aluminum, Lamentation, Shell, Ivory, Pearl Wood, Gutta Percha, Rubber, Tooth Powder, Brushes, Pomatum, Perfumery, Pocket Cutlery, Razors, Strops, Hones, Shaving Cream, Soap, Hair Dye, Hair Brushes, Combs, Fine

Hair Dying Houses, in No. 110 Lake street and another Hair's street productions of art, N. Perkins, who cannot be artificial from the natural when adjoining the hand.

"Barry's Tricopherous is the best and cheapest article for dressing, beautifying, cleansing, curling and preserving the hair. Ladies, try it. Sold by all Druggists and Perfumers. 8m16-cd-Ow

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Congress Water.—Much spurious mineral water has been imposed on the public as "CONGRESS WATER." Purchasers should insist on having genuine, as, when they can, they are assured, "all is not gold that glitters." The genuine Congress Water is bottled only at the Springs, and bears the signature of Gurney & Hall, Proprietors, Saratoga Springs, Saratoga Co., N. Y.

The product the public have such implicit confidence, will be sent with Corks branded thus:

CONGRESS
C. W.
WATER.

Any one not having these words and initials on the Corks, are counterfeit; and the purchaser should prevent the seller from selling them.

Agencies will receive prompt attention if addressed to us, at Saratoga Springs, New York, or at our Eastern Depot of Congress Water in New York City.

GURNEY & HALL,
Proprietors Congress Springs.

J. Morris, Gen. Dep. 3 Trinity Building; Cold Dec. J. H. Reed & Co., Boston, Richards & Smith; F. A. Bryan, Eng.; W. F. Parker & Co., of Chicago, Brands, are supplied with the genuine Congress Water direct from our Springs; and we would recommend those Brands to dealers in Chicago, or vicinity, who desire to purchase genuine Congress Water.

CLARK & WHITE,
Agents for Chicago.

Sandr. Ide's Pills vs. Sarsaparilla.

Dr. Ide's Vegetable Pills of Brandreth's pills is a product of the medical science, and are equally than any other pills in the place. Dr. Ide's Pills are the best to cure, also and their worth a thousand dollars. Price, 24 cents a box. Sold only by GEORGE S. STANTON, General Western Agent, Lake Street, Chicago, and by all druggists. Pills dealers in medicine. 3r2-3m

---

"POKER'S BITTERS."

Pure or Blue Ribbon ones, known blood purgated and unfailing—Medicinal Stimulant, Tonic, Alterative and Counterpoison—for their health and fatty substitute medicinal properties, in cases of complaints connected with the Stomach or the Nervous System, as well as for their general medicine in most agreeable substitute, in their various pleasant applications. In accordance with the demands of medical Practitioners in Europe, they have since been from prescribed and sold by the wine and liquor trade, to be "THE BEST BITTERS EVER INTRODUCED." Sold by Druggists and Grocers, and by the trade. Their reputation on their own unexpanded merits.

For sale by wholesale and retail by Druggists, and, with a liberal discount to the trade, by the agent.

JAMES E. PARKER,
No. 94 Front street, N. Y. Cor.

Medicines, &c.

THE GREATEST WONDER OF THE NINETEENTH CENTURY.

Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative.

Wonderful Hair Restorative. Discovered, Proven and publish. Wonderful Hair Restorative. Discovered, Proven and publish. Wonderful Hair Restorative. Discovered, Proven and publish. Wonderful Hair Restorative. Discovered, Proven and publish. Wonderful Hair Restorative. Discovered, Proven and publish.

Professor J. Wood's Hair Restorative. Having now arrived at the conclusion of my labors, I feel that I can with a clear conscience, and without the fear of contradiction, publish my own tale, which had become quite a public property, and which, while my modesty would prevent, I have, since pre-ment, my battle, of which I have had to fight in the world, and which I have made my battle for—fairly disappointed, both on my head and my purse, by the unexpected success of my labors, and the unexpected success of my labors, and the unexpected success of my labors, and

Financial and Commercial.

MONETARY

WEDNESDAY EVENING, July 18, 1860.

Exchange is still abundant with most of the banks. On collections and for small lots 1½ in the ruling price; round sums could be had by customers at 1 per cent. Buying rates 1@1 per cent.

Gold is and dull. Currency is plenty, and, generally, the money market is well supplied.

So far as the *Democrat* of yesterday says, the demand for Eastern exchange was quite large also with some dealers, but the selling rate is unchanged—1 premium for Eastern funds, 12 for currency. Brokers were quite willing to buy at 1 in backside funds, but could get little at this. Currency is plenty—buying at 1 discount and selling at 1@1 discount. Otherwise, money is quite easy, but with a somewhat increasing demand for discounts.

CINCINNATI.—The *Gazette* of yesterday speaks as follows: A very moderate business and an easy money market are the leading features of the movements in financial circles. The discount houses are free buyers of paper at 10@12 per cent, and there is a deficiency in the offerings of the right sort of securities. First-class business names are saleable at 8@9 per cent. In the market for Eastern exchange the supply and demand are about equal, and rates are nominal, viz. 1 discount. Time bills on the East are in demand at equal to 6@8 per cent.—30 day going at 6@7, 60 day at 7@7, and 90 at 8@9. We quote sight checks as follows:

	BUYING.	SELLING.
New York sight.....	77 prem	77 prem
American Gold.....	25 prem	40@1 prem

AMERICAN BANK SYSTEMS.—The State Bank of Georgia ceases to be an institution in fact, and the bands of shrapers. Only a few months since, our Brown pobbed the bank of a large sum, but the managers were happily enabled to get back nearly all of the money, together with the thief. It has now announced that the agent (Mackay) at Apalachicola, has absconded, after a very large amount. Mackay, who is a relation, had for two years or more been using the funds of the agency for his own speculation, until, from losses after losses chiefly on cotton, he found a balance against him on the books of his agency, amounting to about $90,000. The entire assets of the debtor were turned over to the bank, and it is thought the loss will not amount to much.

N. Y. IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.—The N. Y. *Times* says:

The trade returns for the fiscal year, ending 30th June, having been completed and published in tabular form a few days ago, we now resume our weekly comparisons, so far as they relate to it, beginning 1st January last, since which to date, the import returns show:

Total of New York, by ports of Entry, viz.:	
Total in dutiable goods.....	$121,451,57
Total in free goods.....	24,811,57

[illegible]

	Flour, Wh'l, Corn, Oats, Rye, Barl'y,
To Buffalo,	[illegible]
To Tonawanda,	[illegible]
To Oswego,	[illegible]
To Ogdensburg,	[illegible]
To Portland,	[illegible]
Total,	[illegible]

RECEIPTS.

	Flour, Bbls.	Wh'l, Bush.	Corn, Bush.	Oats, Bush.	Rye, Bush.	Barl'y, Bush.
By railroad,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
By canal,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

RAILROAD SHIPMENTS FROM BUFFALO.

	Flour, Bbls.	Wh'l, Bush.	Corn, Bush.	Oats, Bush.	Rye, Bush.	Barl'y, Bush.
Wednesday,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Thursday,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Total,	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

The Corn market to-day, under the influence of heavy shipments and an improved speculative inquiry, advanced lighte. At the opening, prices ran up speedily to 41c for No. 1 in store; but, after a very extensive quest, and inquiry what dell till about the close, when the market again became firm at the latter. The sales amounted to about 120,000 bushels, of 46@46c prime Yellow and prime White Kiner f. o. b. 41c for No. 2 Canal afloat; 42@43c for No. 2 Ohio; Hoosiker for No. 2; and 43@44c for Republic. The receipts of Corn, as posted this morning, were 86,004 bushels, and the shipments, 12,322 bushels, but to-day there arrived 40 Cars loaded with the Coarse House up to Saturday, amounted to upwards of 200,000 bushels—which makes the shipments for the three days of the present week nearly 300,000 bushels. Winter Wheat was is better request to-day, and the market firmer—shippers by-day. Sieg, and buyers. Spring Wheat was also in better demand, and the market was firmer. About 20,000 bushels of all grades changed hands at $1.35 for No. 1 White in track; $1 15 for choice Amber Red on track; $1.10@1 11 for No. 1 Red in store; $1.09 for No. 2 Red; $1.06@1.07 for No. 3 Red; $1.04@1.05 for No. 2 Spring; and 40c for new Rejected Spring. The receipts of White Winter Wheat are yet considerable for shipping demand, and it is difficult to sell, as the millers are buying very sparingly. The receipts of new Spring Wheat are quite large, and are beginning to arrive more freely. The quality of the new Winter Wheat—especially No. 1 Red—still much attracts attention. The grain is much plumper than last year, and it is almost entirely free of chess or smut. It weighs 61 lbs to the measured bushel. Some good very fine samples of new spring wheat were shown to-day; but the sample boxes are not yet filled, and we cannot also how it will turn out when the last year's crop. Oats were in good ship ping demand to-day and the market advanced 2c. About 100,000 bushels were sold for shipment in store. New rye was sold to day at 52c on track. Oil is scarce and wanted. New barley sold on track to-day at 55@56c for prime and No. 2. Highwines quiet and unchanged. Hide merchandise and rather dull. Wool quiet. Butter in good supply and the market dull at former quotations. Whitefish steady.

Freights opened firm and vessels were held for an advance; but shippers kept back, and the charters were nominally unchanged. Three vessels were engaged for corn to Buffalo at 7c, and one for wheat to Oswego at 7c.

Glasgow Produce and Cattle Feed in England.—The *Mark Lane Express* of July 5, which has just come to hand, continues so article on the high price of meat in Great Britain, from which we clip the following:

The season is altogether an exceptional one, and so far as it is concerned it promises to be unfortunate one for the production of cattle food. In all the cities and towns where the hay has been cut, it is perishing on the ground, and in some of the low districts in Scotland, where it has not yet mown, the bottom is rotting from the continual recurrence of surface water, and the crop, in many quarters will be little worth for feeding purposes, except for litter stock. So that, although the quantity on the ground is large, the quality will perhaps be so bad as to be of little No relief, either, is likely to be afforded by the crops of acting corn, which are suffering, equally with those of grass.

New York Hide Market—July 16.—Notwithstanding what appeared to be the following in from the *Boston Journal* of Wednesday:

The stock opened on a heavy market, and no consumer is anxious to buy little desire to continue purchasing, it became evident that holders of parcels of hides could only realize sales by a decline in price. A concession of about one cent per lb, submitted to on common hides, induced buyers to operate with more freedom, and has again augmented the list of sales to respectable proportions, 5,000 hides sold. Our principal receipts this week come from Buenos Ayres. The weather is now in more currently reported that no more will be for the present, arriving in June, 100,000 hides; in July, 200,000; in August, 130,000; in September, 200,000; in July, 1859, 160,000; in June, 1859, 160,000 to

Tobacco Market—July 16.—There was a very large attendance of farmers' wagons on the market on Saturday, filled principally with hogsheads, puncheons, and trail. Of grain there was very little offering. Wheat to the extent of 400 bushels was bought at $1.25@1.40; the better samples bringing from $1 [illegible]; the average price being about $1.[illegible] per bush. Spring wheat quoted at $1.12@1 15, and in one or two cases $1.17 per bushel. Barley in good

MARINE JOURNAL

PORT OF CHICAGO.

ARRIVED.——July 18.

Steam Gunsly, Buffalo, Milwaukee, 1 passe, 100 bbls fish, 1 bbl oil, 1 bbl tallow, 1 bbl hides, 20 pigs lead, 1 bbl pelts, 1 bbl furs, 1 bbl wool, 1 bbl ginseng, 1 bbl [illegible] 21 pounds lard, 4 boxes [illegible] 1 bbl [illegible] 1 bale [illegible] 1 bbl [illegible] 1 bbl [illegible] 1 bbl

COMMERCIAL.

WEDNESDAY EVENING, July 13.

The following are the receipts and shipments for the past twenty-four hours:

	Flour Mlls.	Corn, Bus.	Oats, Bus.	Rye, Bus.	Barley, Bus.
Receipts	6,000	16,000	3,000	1,000	1,000
Shipments	2,000	2,000	1,000	1,000	1,000

SHIPMENTS.

	Flour, Mlls.	Wheat, Bus.	Corn, Bus.	Oats, Bus.	Rye, Bus.	Barley, Bus.
To Buffalo	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
To Oswego	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
To Ogdensburg	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
To Boston	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
Total	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000	4,000

Flour, 6,000 barrels; wheat, 16,000 bushels; corn, 2,000 bushels; oats, 3,000 bushels; rye, 1,000 bushels; barley, 1,000 bushels.

Receipts of flour and wheat, 24 hours, 10,000 barrels; 16,000 bushels; corn, 16